of plate is 410 MPa.

Cant Man	E1
Seat No.:	Enrolment No.

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

B.ARCH. - SEMESTER-V EXAMINATION - SUMMER 2019

Subject Code:1055004 Date: 20/05/2019 **Subject Name: Structure-V** Time:02:30 PM TO 04:30 PM **Total Marks: 50 Instructions:** 1. Attempt all questions. 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary. 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks. 4. 4. Use of IS 800 (2007) & Steel Tables is permitted Q.1 (a) Explain the types of bolted joints with appropriate figures. 05 Explain the Stress – Strain Curve for mild steel. 05 0.2 Two plates 70 mm wide and 10 mm and 12 mm thickness are connected by 10 lap joint to resist factored tensile load of 80 KN. Design a lap joint using M 16 bolts of grade 4.6 and grade 410 plates. Q.2 A member ISA 100 x 100 x 6 mm placed back to back on either side of 8 mm thick gusset plate. The member carries an ultimate tensile load of 130 KN. Determine the number of 20 mm diameter 4.6 grade ordinary bolts. Take Fu

- Q.3 (a) Explain with neat sketch the single and double lacing system. 05
 - (b) Explain the advantages & disadvantages of welded connections. 05

OR

- (b) A tie plate of 80 x 8 mm is connected to the gusset plate to transmit a factored load of 110 KN. Determine the size and length of fillet weld. Assuming field welds and Fe 410 steel.
- Q.4 An unequal angle section 100 x 75 x 6 mm is connected to 10 mm thick 10 gusset plate using 6 Nos. 16 mm diameter bolts to transfer tensile force. Determine the design tensile strength of the angle. Take yield & ultimate stress of steel are 250 MPa and 410 MPa. Assume that the longer leg is connected to gusset plate.

OR

- Q.4 Design a single angle discontinuous strut to carry a factored load of 80 KN. 10 Assume that the distance between its joints is 2.5 m. Take fy = 250 MPa
- Q.5 Design a steel column to carry factored axial load of 1500 KN. The length of 10 column is 3.6 m and hinged at both ends. Take fy = 250 MPa
- Q.5 Design a simply supported beam of span 6 m carrying working loads of 10 DL=15 kN/m and LL=10 kN/m. Assume that the compression flange of the beam is laterally restrained throughout. Check for deflection & web crippling is not required.
