GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

BE - SEMESTER-III (NEW) EXAMINATION - WINTER 2017

Subject Code: 2130002 Date:06/11/2017

Subject Name: Advanced Engineering Mathematics

Time: 10:30 AM to 01:30 PM Total Marks: 70

Instructions:

- 1. Attempt all questions.
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- Q.1 (a) Solve the following differential equation using variable separable method $3e^x \tan y \, dx + (1+e^x) \sec^2 y \, dy = 0$
 - (b) Find the Laplace transform of $t \sin^2 3t$.
 - (c) Given that $f(x) = x + x^2$ for $-\pi < x < \pi$, find the Fourier expression of f(x). 07 Deduce that $\frac{\pi^2}{6} = 1 + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{4^2} + \dots$
- Q.2 (a) Define rectangle function and saw-tooth wave function. Also sketch the graphs. 03
 - (b) Find the general solution of the following differential equation:

$$\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} - 2\frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = e^x \cos x$$

(c) Find the power series solution of $(1-x^2)y'' - 2xy' + 2y = 0$ about the ordinary point x = 0

OR

- (c) Find the power series solution of $3x \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0$ about the point x = 0, using Frobenius method.
- Q.3 (a) Express $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{for } 0 \le x \le \pi \\ 0, & \text{for } x > \pi \end{cases}$

As a Fourier sine integral and hence evaluate $\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{1 - \cos(\pi \lambda)}{\lambda} \sin(x\lambda) d\lambda$

- (b) Check whether the given differential equations is exact or not $(x^4 2xy^2 + y^4) dx (2x^2y 4xy^3 + \sin y) dy = 0$ Hence find the general solution.
- (c) Solve the following differential equation using the method of undetermined coefficient: $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = 2x^2 + 3e^{-x}$

OR

- Q.3 (a) Find the cosine series for $f(x) = \pi x$ in the interval $0, < x < \pi$.
 - (b) Solve the following differential equation $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = \sin x$ using the method of variation of parameters.
 - (c) Solve the following Cauchy-Euler equation $x^{2} \frac{d^{2}y}{dx^{2}} + x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = \log x \cdot \sin(\log x)$

Q.4 (a) Find the orthogonal trajectory of the cardioids
$$r = a(1-\cos\theta)$$
 (b) Find the Laplace transforms of: (i) $e^{-3s} u(t-2)$ (ii) $\frac{1-\cos 2t}{t}$ (c) Solve the equation $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} - 2\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = 0$ by the method of separation of variables.

OR
Q.4 (a) Solve the following Bernoulli's equation: 03
$$\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{y}{x} = \frac{y^2}{x^2}$$
(b) Find the inverse Laplace transforms of: 04
(ii) $\frac{s^3}{s^4 - a^4}$
(c) Find the complete solution of the following partial differential equations: 07
(i) $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} + 3\frac{\partial^3 z}{\partial x^2 \partial y} + 4\frac{\partial^3 z}{\partial y^3} = e^{x+2y}$
(ii) $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} + 3\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} + 2\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = x + y$
Q.5 (a) Form the partial differential equations by eliminating the arbitrary function from $f(x^2 + y^2, z - xy) = 0$
(b) Solve the following Lagrange's linear differential equation: $(x^2 - yz)p + (y^2 - xx)q = z^2 - xy$
(c) Solve the following initial value problem using the method of Laplace transforms $y''' + 2y'' - y' - 2y = 0$ given that $y(0) = 1$, $y'(0) = 2$, $y''(0) = 2$
OR
Q.5 (a) Find the Laplace transform of the periodic function of the waveform $f(t) = \frac{2t}{3}$, $0 \le t \le 3$, $f(t+3) = f(t)$
(b) Using the convolution theorem, find $L^1 \left\{ \frac{s^2}{(s^2 + a^2)(s^2 + b^2)} \right\}$, $a \ne b$

displacement y(x,t).

A tightly stretched string of length l with fixed ends is initially in equilibrium

position. It is set vibrating by giving each point a velocity $v_0 \sin^3 \frac{\pi x}{I}$ find the

07