Seat No.: \_\_\_\_\_

Enrolment No.\_\_\_\_\_

## **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**

## **BE SEMESTER-III EXAMINATION - SUMMER 2015**

Subject Code:130903 Date:27/		5/2015	
Subject Name :Electrical and Electronics Measurement Time: 02.30pm-05.00pm Instructions:  Total Marks:			70
	1. 2. 3.	Attempt all questions.  Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.  Figures to the right indicate full marks.	
Q.1	(a) (b)	Define and explain the types of errors possible in an instrument. Compare PMMC and moving iron type instruments.	07 07
Q.2	<ul><li>(a)</li><li>(b)</li></ul>	Explain in detail the construction and working of D'Arsonaal Galvanometer.  Also derive the toque equation for the same.  Explain range extension of analog voltmeter and ammeter in detail.  OR	07
	<b>(b)</b>	Write the importance of damping torque and also explain the various methods of providing the damping torque in an indicating instrument.	07
Q.3	(a) (b)	Give the advantages and dis-advantages of Electrostatic instrument.  Explain the principle of hot-wire type instrument and give their limitations.  OR	07 07
Q.3	(a) (b)	With a neat diagram explain the working of three phase energymeter. An energymeter is designed to make 100 revolutions of disc for one unit of energy. Calculate the number of revolutions made by it when connected to a load carrying 20A at 230-V at 0.8 p.f. for an hour. If it actually makes 360 revolutions, find the percentage error.	07 07
Q.4	(a) (b)	List and explain in brief the advantages of Electronic voltmeter.  Write a short note on True R.M.S. Responding voltmeter.  OR	07 07
Q.4	(a) (b)	Explain with a neat diagram the working of Synchroscope.  With a neat circuit diagram explain the calibration of a Ammeter with help of DC potentiometer.	07 07
Q.5	<ul><li>(a)</li><li>(b)</li></ul>	State the different methods of 3-phase power measurement. Explain two wattmeter method of 3-phase power measurement in detail. Explain with a neat diagram the working of a Trivector meter.	07
Q.5	(a) (b)	OR  Explain Resistance standard, Inductance standard and capacitance standard  Explain the working principle of dynamometer type instruments.	07 07

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