

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

BE - SEMESTER-III (NEW) - EXAMINATION – SUMMER 2017

Subject Code: 2130606

Date: 09/06/2017

Subject Name: Geotechnics & Applied Geology

Time: 10:30 AM to 01:00 PM

Total Marks: 70

Instructions:

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q.1 Short Questions 14**
- 1 What is Alluvial soils?
 - 2 Define Specific Gravity of soils.
 - 3 Which soil is practically impermeable?
 - 4 What is the effective size of soil?
 - 5 In which type of soil honeycomb structure is observed.
 - 6 State the Darcy's law.
 - 7 Give the size of sand particles.
 - 8 What is capillary water?
 - 9 When slope of the deposit is less than 10° , the deposits are called_____.
 - 10 What is the thickness of mantle?
 - 11 Give the examples of colourless minerals.
 - 12 What is Aquifer?
 - 13 The smallest clay mineral is_____.
 - 14 Give the method for finding bulk density of cohesionless soils.
- Q.2 (a) Derive $\gamma_d = \gamma_b / (1+w)$ 03**
- (b) Sample of sandy soil has 33% porosity. Find density index if maximum and minimum dry unit weight of sample is respectively 18 kN/m^3 and 14 kN/m^3 . Take specific gravity of soil as 2.6. 04**
- (c) What is the scope of geotechnical engineering in the field of civil engineering? 07**
- OR**
- (c) With schematic diagram explain different types of soil structures. 07**
- Q.3 (a) Discuss the IS classification system. 03**
- (b) Soil sample has a liquid limit of 30%, plastic limit 17% and flow index of 13%. Water content of soil is 19%. Determine (i) Plasticity Index, (ii) Liquidity Index, (iii) Consistency Index, and (iv) Toughness Index. 04**
- (c) Explain Activity, Sensitivity and Thixotropy of soils. 07**
- OR**
- Q.3 (a) Define the following terms: (i) Gravitational Water (ii) Structural Water (iii) Adsorbed Water 03**
- (b) A soil sample of height 60 mm and cross sectional area of 100 cm^2 was subjected to falling head permeability test. In a time interval of 6 minutes, the head dropped from 60 cm to 35 cm. If the cross sectional area of the stand pipe is 2 cm^2 , compute the coefficient of permeability of the soil sample. If the same sample is subjected to a constant head of 20 cm, calculate the total quantity of water that will be collected after flowing through the sample. 04**
- (c) State and explain factors affecting permeability of soils. 07**
- Q.4 (a) Enlist the different causes of earthquakes. 03**
- (b) Define Weathering and discuss the process involved in chemical weathering. 04**

	(c)	What is an earthquake? Describe the types of earthquake waves.	07
		OR	
Q.4	(a)	Write short note on agents of metamorphism.	03
	(b)	Explain 'rock cycle'.	04
	(c)	Describe the applications of geology in civil engineering.	07
Q.5	(a)	Define aquifer? How are they formed and classified?	03
	(b)	Explain permeability and porosity of rocks.	04
	(c)	Give the classification of faults based on apparent movements.	07
		OR	
Q.5	(a)	What are landslides? How they are caused?	03
	(b)	What are the limitations of GIS.	04
	(c)	What is remote sensing? Explain the application of remote sensing in engineering geology.	07
