GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

BE - SEMESTER-IV (NEW) - EXAMINATION - SUMMER 2017

Subject Code: 2140907 Date: 30/05/2017

Subject Name: Applied Thermal and Hydraulic Engineering

Time: 10:30 AM to 01:00 PM Total Marks: 70

Instructions:

- 1. Attempt all questions.
- ${\bf 2.} \quad {\bf Make\ suitable\ assumptions\ wherever\ necessary.}$
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

MARKS

14

Q.1 Short Questions

- 1 The force per unit length is the unit of
 - (a) Surface tension (b) compressibility (c) capillary (d) viscosity
- 2 The flow ratio in terms of Francis turbine varies from
 - (a) 0.15 to 0.3 (b) 0.4 to 0.5 (c) 0.6 to 0.9 (d) 1 to 1.5
- 3 In case of liquid and gases heat transfer take place according to
 - (a) Conduction (b) convection (c) Radiation (d) None of the above
- 4 Air refrigerator works on
 - (a) Reversed Carnot cycle (b) bell Coleman cycle (c) both a and b
 - (d) none of the above
- 5 Barometer is used to measure
 - (a) Velocity of the liquid (b) atmospheric pressure (c) pressure in a pipes and channel (d)
 - (d) difference of pressure between two points in a pipe
- **6** Water is ----- fluid.
 - (a)Real (b) ideal (c) Newtonian fluid (d) non Newtonian Fluid.
- 7 The compression ratio of gas turbine is
 - (a)4 (b) 7 (c) 9 (d) 12
- 8 The capillary tube, as an expansion device, used in
 - (a)Domestic refrigerator (b) water coolers (c) room air conditioners (d) all of the above
- 9 The overall coefficient of heat transfer is used in problem of
 - (a)Conduction (b) convection (c) Radiation (d) conduction and convection
- 10 Pitot-tube is used for measurement of
 - (a) pressure (b) Flow (c) velocity at a point (d) Discharge
- 11 Hydraulic gradient line (H.G.L.) represents the sum of
 - (a) pressure head and kinetic head (b) kinetic head and datum head (c) pressure head, kinetic head and datum head (d) pressure head and datum head
- 12 The term $V^2/2g$ is known as
 - (a) Kinetic energy (b) Pressure energy (c) kinetic energy per unit weight (d) none of the above
- 13 Orifice-meter is used to measure
 - (a)Discharge (b) average velocity (c) velocity at a point (d) pressure at a point
- 14 Breaking jet in an impulse turbine is used
 - (a) to bring the runner to rest in a short time (b) to break the jet of water (c) to change the direction of runner (d) none of these
- **Q.2** (a) Differentiate between conduction, convection and radiation.
 - **(b)** Explain Fourier's law of heat conduction.
 - (c) Write a note on surface heat transfer co-efficient.

03

04

07

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|--------|------------|---|----|
| | (c) | Derive expression for LMTD for parallel flow heat Exchanger. | 07 |
| Q.3 | (a) | Briefly explain Net Positive Suction Head (NPSH). | 03 |
| | (b) | Explain construction and working of double acting reciprocating pump. | 04 |
| | (c) | Write a short note on construction and working of Pelton wheel turbine with neat sketch | 07 |
| | | OR | |
| Q.3 | (a) | Write classification of turbines. | 03 |
| | (b) | Define unit speed, unit power and unit discharge in case of turbine. | 04 |
| | (c) | Explain with a neat sketch the components of centrifugal pump. | 07 |
| Q.4 | (a) | Explain simple vapour compression refrigeration system with neat sketch. | 03 |
| | (b) | Define dry air, Relative humidity, dry bulb temperature and dew point depression. | 04 |
| | (c) | Derive the expression for thermal efficiency of Rankine cycle. | 07 |
| | | OR | |
| Q.4 | (a) | What are the main components of simple gas turbine plants? | 03 |
| | (b) | What is refrigerant? What are the desirable properties of refrigerant? | 04 |
| | (c) | Explain the working of a simple air cooling system used for air craft. | 07 |
| Q.5 | (a) | Explain newton's law of viscosity. | 03 |
| | (b) | Explain U-tube manometer. | 04 |
| | (c) | A clean glass tube of 2.5 mm internal Diameter is immersed in mercury (specific gravity=13.6). | 07 |
| | | Determine the level of mercury in the tube in relation to the free surface of mercury outside the | |
| | | tube. Presume that for mercury –clean glass angle of contact $\theta = 130^{\circ}$ and for air-mercury | |
| | | interface surface tension $\sigma = 0.48 \text{ N/m}$. | |
| | | OR | |
| Q.5 | (a) | Define density, dynamic viscosity and surface tension. | 03 |
| | (b) | State and derive Bernoulli's equation. Also write assumption made in it. | 04 |
| | (c) | Derive the equation to measure the quantity of water flowing through a venturimeter. | 07 |
