## **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**

BE - SEMESTER- V(OLD) EXAMINATION - SUMMER 2019

Subject Code:151903 Date:31/05/2019

**Subject Name: Fluid Power Engineering** 

Time:02:30 PM TO 05:00 PM Total Marks: 70

**Instructions:** 

- 1. Attempt all questions.
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- Q.1 (a) Derive an expression of power transmission through pipe. Also find condition for maximum power transmission and corresponding efficiency of transmission.
  - (b) Derive Darcy- Weisbach formula for head loss due to friction in pipe flow. 07
- Q.2 (a) Show that the efficiency of a free jet striking normally on a series of flat plates mounted on the periphery of a wheel can never exceed 50%.
  - (b) Write brief note on hydraulic ram. 07

OR

- (b) Prove that the efficiency of propulsion when the inlet orifices face the direction of motion of the ship is given by  $\eta = \frac{2u}{V + 2u}$
- Q.3 (a) What is degree of reaction? Prove that for Francis turbine degree of reaction is
  - 50%. **(b)** The following data relates to a Pelton wheel turbine **07**
  - (i) Head of base of nozzle=75m
    - (ii) speed of the wheel = 250 rpm
      - (iii) speed ratio =0.46
      - (iv) Power at the shaft=120 kw
      - (v) Coefficient of velocity = 0.98
      - (vi) Overall efficiency =86%. Design the Pelton wheel to find the wheel diameter, diameter of jet, size of buckets and number of buckets on the wheel.

OR

- Q.3 (a) Write short note on:
  - (i) Priming in centrifugal pump
  - (ii) Pre-whirl in centrifugal compressor
  - **(b)** Explain the governing of Kaplan turbine with neat sketch.
- Q.4 (a) Define specific speed of pump. Derive an expression for specific speed for centrifugal Pump.
  - (b) A single acting reciprocating pump, running at 60 rpm delivers 0.54 m<sup>3</sup> of water per minute. The diameter of the piston is 200mm and stroke length 300mm, the suction and delivery heads are 4m and 12m respectively. Determine: (i) Theoretical discharge, (ii) co-efficient of discharge, (iii) percentage slip of pump, (iv) power required to drive the pump.

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- Q.4 (a) Derive an expression of work done per cycle for reciprocating compressor by considering clearance volume.
  - (b) A centrifugal compressor delivers 16 kg/sec of air with a total head pressure ratio of 4:1, when running at 15000 rpm. Inlet total head temperature is 25°C, slip factor 0.9, power input factor 1.04 and isentropic efficiency 82%, calculate: (i) Outlet diameter of the impeller, (ii) Power input. Take C<sub>p</sub> = 1.005 kJ/kgK.

**07** 

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Q.5	(a)	With neat sketch explain construction and working of hydraulic intensifier	07
	<b>(b)</b>	Explain following terms: Draftube, Cavitation and Air vessel	07
		OR	
Q.5	(a)	With neat sketch explain construction and working of hydraulic intensifier	07
	<b>(b)</b>	Explain the phenomenon of surging and stalling in an axial flow compressor	07

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