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Enrolment No. _____

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY B.PHARM - SEMESTER- 1 EXAMINATION - SUMMER -2019

| Subject Code: 2210003 Date: 04-00 | | | -2019 | |
|--|-------------------|---|----------------|--|
| Subject Name: Pharmaceutical Analysis-I Time: 10:30 AM TO 01:30 PM Instructions: 1. Attempt any five questions. 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary. 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks. | | | | |
| Q.1 | (a) | Define: primary standard, Calibration, Normality, Molarity, titration, equivalence point | 06 | |
| | (b) | Define Error. Classify error and explain various methods for minimization of errors. | 05 | |
| | (c) | What is the concentration of acetic acid in a solution that is 0.1M in acetate ion and 2×10^{-6} M in hydrogen ion? (Ka= 1.8 X 10^{-5}) | 05 | |
| Q.2 | (a) (b) | Explain various types of neutralization curves in acid base titration. Explain hydrolysis of salt, and derive an equation for hydrolysis of salt of weak acid and strong base. | | |
| | (c) | Explain levelling and differentiating effect of solvent in non-aqueous titration | 05 | |
| Q.3 | (a) (b) (c) | Derive Henderson-Hasselbach equation. Explain neutralization theory of acid base indicator. Explain in detail common ion effect. | 06 05 05 | |
| Q.4 | (a) (b) (c) | Describe Iodometric and Iodimetric method. Write a detailed note on redox indicators. Explain different types of redox titration. | 06 05 05 | |
| Q.5 | (a) (b) (c) | Explain various steps involved in gravimetric analysis. Explain Volhard's method of precipitation. Differentiate co-precipitation and post-precipitation. | 06 05 05 | |
| Q. 6 | (a) | Define masking agent and demasking agent. Explain different types of | 06 | |
| | (b) (c) | complexometric titration. Explain the factors affecting precipitation reaction in Argentometric titration. Write a brief note on Kjeldahl method. | 05 05 | |
| Q.7 | (a) | Define ligand. List various requirements of metal ion indicator. Explain assay principle of magnesium sulphate. | 06 | |
| | (b) (c) | Write a brief note on Karl Fischer titration The solution contains 100ml 0.1 M HCl. What is the pH and pOH of the solution. | 05 05 | |