Subject code: 2210003

Seat No.: _____ Enrolment No.____

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

B. Pharm. - SEMESTER - I • EXAMINATION - SUMMER 2017

	Subject Name: Pharmaceutical Analysis-I Time: 02:30 PM to 05:30 PM Total Mark		ks: 80			
]	Instructions:					
		Attempt any five questions.				
		Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary. Figures to the right indicate full marks.				
Q.1	(a)	Answer the following: 1. Define: precision, accuracy, oxidation, ligand 2. Disodium edetate is a hexadentate ligand. Comment. 3. Differentiate iodimetry and iodometry.	06			
	(b)	Define validation and explain various analytical validation parameters.	05			
	(c)	What is volumetric analysis? Write principles of volumetric analysis. How detection of end point is done in volumetric analysis?	05			
Q.2	(a)	Explain hydrolysis of salts, and derive an equation for hydrolysis of salt of weak acid and strong base.	06			
	(b)		05			
	(c)	Explain neutralization theory for acid base indicators.	05			
Q.3	(a)	What is Argentimetric titration? Describe Mohr's method for determination of chloride?	06			
	(b)	Derive Henderson-Hasselbach equation for buffer solution.	05			
	(c)	Write a brief note on non-aqueous titrations.	05			
Q.4	(a)	Write a brief note on:	06			

Explain various precipitation techniques in gravimetric analysis.

1. Standardization of sodium thiosulphate solution.

Differentiate co-precipitation and post-precipitation.

Write a detailed note on Permanganate method.

2. Standardization of iodine solution Write a detailed note on : Redox indicators

Ionic product of water
 Kjeldahl method

Answer the following:

(b)

(c)

(a)

(b)

(c)

Q.5

Date: 06/06/2017

05

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06

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05

Q. 6	(a)	Answer the following:	06
		1. Ligands	
		2. Classification of analytical methods	
	(b)	Explain complexometric titration and masking agent with example. What are the	05
		ideal requirements of metal ion indicators?	
	(c)	Explain common ion effect and diverse ion effect with example.	05
Q. 7	(a)	What is error? Classify it, How errors can be minimized?	06
	(b)	Explain in detail principle, instrumentation and applications of Karl Fischer titration.	05
	(c)	Explain adsorption indicator method for precipitation.	05
