

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
B. Pharm. – SEMESTER – III • EXAMINATION – WINTER • 2015

Subject Code: 2230002**Date: 01-01-2016****Subject Name: Pharmaceutical Engineering****Time: 10:30 am - 01:30 pm****Total Marks: 80****Instructions:**

1. Attempt any five questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

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| Q.1 | (a) | Define: (i) Absolute pressure (ii) Gauge pressure (iii) Calorie
(iv) British thermal unit (v) Absolute Zero temperature (vi) Material balance | 06 |
| | (b) | Discuss dimensional analysis, its advantages and disadvantages. | 05 |
| | (c) | Define: Unit operation and Unit process. What are significances of studying Pharmaceutical engineering? | 05 |
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| Q.2 | (a) | Discuss Dalton's law, Amagat's law and their corollary. | 06 |
| | (b) | Explain in detail about the Heating values and Excess Air. | 05 |
| | (c) | A mixture containing 30% by weight HNO ₃ , 40% by weight H ₂ SO ₄ ,and 30% by weight water is to be made continuously by mixing concentrated H ₂ SO ₄ (98% wt % H ₂ SO ₄ and 2% H ₂ O), concentrated HNO ₃ (90wt % HNO ₃ and 10% H ₂ O) , and waste acid(20%wt H ₂ SO ₄ ,5% H ₂ O and 5% HNO ₃).Calculate the kilograms of concentrated H ₂ SO ₄ , concentrated HNO ₃ and waste acid necessary per 1000 kg of final mixture. | 05 |
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| Q.3 | (a) | What is the principle of working of Rota meters? Give their general design and working. | 06 |
| | (b) | Classify flow meters. Write a note on any one of them. | 05 |
| | (c) | What is Reynolds number? Show how it is dimensionless. What is its significance in fluid flow? | 05 |
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| Q.4 | (a) | Write down in detail about different methods of heat transfer. | 06 |
| | (b) | What is black body? Explain about the Stefan-Boltzmann law for black bodies. | 05 |
| | (c) | A glass window with an area of 1 m ² is installed in a wooden wall of a room. The dimensions of the wall are 3 m by 6 m. The wood is 2.54 cm thick and has a thermal conductivity of 0.15 J/(s)(m ²)(K/m).The glass is 0.42 cm thick and has thermal conductivity of 0.69 J/(s)(m ²)(K/m).If the inside wall and glass temperature is 30°C, calculate the total amount of heat conducted through the wall and glass as joules per hour. | 05 |
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| Q.5 | (a) | What is a valve? What are its basic components? With a neat and clean diagram describe globe valve. | 06 |
| | (b) | Explain in detail about store design of Pharmaceutical industry. | 05 |
| | (c) | Describe Belt conveyer. | 05 |
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| Q. 6 | (a) | Explain about molecular diffusion in gases and in liquid. | 06 |
| | (b) | Classify heat exchange equipments. Discuss construction and working of single pass tubular heat exchanger. | 05 |
| | (c) | Explain about the principle involved in Mass transfer. Enlists unit operations in which mass transfer operation is involved. | 05 |
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| Q.7 | (a) | Discuss various factors affecting selection of material of Pharmaceutical plant construction. | 06 |
| | (b) | Define corrosion. Write a note on factors affecting the corrosion. | 05 |
| | (c) | Explain in detail about the reciprocating pumps. | 05 |
