Seat No.: _____ Enrolment No.____

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

B. Pharm. - SEMESTER - IV • EXAMINATION - SUMMER • 2014

Subject Code: 240003	Date: 21-05-2014
----------------------	------------------

Subject Name: Pharmaceutical Chemistry - IV

Time: 02:30 pm - 05:30 pm Total Marks: 80

Instructions:

- 1. Attempt any five questions.
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q.1	(a)	What are amines?	06
	(b)	Explain why aliphatic amines are more basic as compared to aromatic amines. Comment on low reactivity of aryl halides towards nucleophilic aromatic substitution reaction.	05
	(c)	Enlist various reactions of amines and discuss the formation of alkenes from amines.	05
Q.2	(a)	What is racemic mixture?	06
	(1-)	Discuss any three methods to resolve racemic mixture.	05
	(b) (c)	Give different reactions of alkylbenzenes. Halogens though are electron withdrawing give ortho-para orientation in	05 05
	(0)	electrophilic aromatic substitution reaction. Explain with structural examples.	05
Q.3	(a)	What are carbonyl compounds?	06
		Give four different methods for preparation of ketones.	
	(b)	Explain Nitrile synthesis for the preparation of carboxylic acids and comment on the effect of substituents on acidity of carboxylic acids.	05
	(c)	What is nanochemistry? Discuss application of nanochemistry in Pharmacy.	05
Q.4	(a)	Discuss with reaction mechanism Howarth synthesis of Naphthalene.	06
	(b)	What is conformation? Discuss various conformers of n-butane with respect to stability and potential energy.	05
	(c)	Explain why the addition of bromine to cis and trans 2-butene is stereospecific as well as stereoselective. Support your answer with suitable reaction mechanism.	05
Q.5	(a)	Explain benzyne mechanism giving suitable evidence for each step.	06
	(b)	Nitration occurs at alpha position in naphthalene more rapidly as compared to beta position. Explain with structural examples.	05
	(c)	Enlist various reactions of aldehydes and ketones.	05
		Explain reactions of Grignard reagent with aldehyde and ketones.	
Q. 6	(a)	Draw structures of following compounds.	06
		i. 3-Nitro-4`-methylbenzophenone ii. 2-Methylbutanoicacid	
		iii. N-Isobutylaniline iv. 2-Methylpropenoic acid	
	(1.)	v. 1,4 diphenyl-1,3-butadiene vi. 2,4-dinitrobenzonitrile	0.5
	(b) (c)	Give a brief account on stereochemistry of spirans. What are esters? Explain mechanism of acid catalyzed transesterification.	05 05
	(6)	what are esters? Explain mechanism of acid catalyzed transestermeation.	03
Q.7	(a)	Explain Michael addition with examples and reaction mechanism.	06
	(b)	Comment on side chain halogenations of alkylbenzene.	05
	(c)	Discuss Hell-Volhard-Zelinsky reaction with mechanism.	05
