Seat No.:	Enrolment No.

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

MBA - SEMESTER-III • EXAMINATION - SUMMER • 2015

Subject Code: 830203 Date: 05-06-2015 Subject Name: Security Analysis & Portfolio Management (SAPM) Time: 14:30 pm – 17:30 pm Total Marks: 70

Instructions:

- 1. Attempt all questions.
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- Q.1 (a) What do you mean by the term "investment" also explain the various step involved in 07 investment process.
 - (b) "Risk and return are two side of a coin" do you agree? Discuss in detail with suitable or examples.
- Q.2 (a) The current dividend on an equity share of Magnum Limited is Rs.4.00. Assume that Magnum's dividend will grow at the rate of 18 percent per year for the next 5 years. Thereafter, the growth rate is expected to fall and stabilize at 10 percent. Equity investors require a return of 15 percent from Magnum's equity shares. What is the intrinsic value of Magnum's equity share?
 - **(b)** Perform Porter's five force analysis for banking sector in India.

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- **(b)** Explain EIC frame work.
- Q.3 (a) Find duration and modified duration of a 13%, 1000 par value coupon bond making 07 annual coupon payments, If it has 6 years until maturity and has a YTM of 17%.
 - (b) A stock earns the following returns over a six year period: $R_1 = 10 \%$, $R_2 = 16\%$, $R_3 = 07$ 24 %, $R_4 = -2 \%$, $R_5 = 12 \%$, $R_6 = 15\%$. Calculate the following:(a) Arithmetic mean return, and (b) Geometric mean return.(c) Std. Deviation

OR

- Q.3 (a) What is Duration? Explain the eight basic rules of duration.
 - **(b)** The returns of two assets under four possible states of nature are given below:

State of nature	Probability	Return on asset 1	Return on asset 2
1	0.40	-6%	12%
2	0.10	18%	14%
3	0.20	20%	16%
4	0.30	25%	20%

- a. What is the standard deviation of asset 1 and asset 2?
- b. What is the covariance of assets 1 and 2?
- c. What is the coefficient of correlation between assets 1 and 2?
- **Q.4** (a) The following information is available.

	Stock A	Stock B
Expected return	24%	35%
Standard deviation	12%	18%
Coefficient of correlation is 0.60		

What is the expected return and risk of a portfolio in which A and B are equally weighted?

(b) "In an efficient capital market, individual security prices fully reflect all available 07

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information". Discuss.

OR

Q.4 (a) Consider two stocks, X and Y

	Expected return (%)	Standard deviation (%)
Stock X	10%	18%
Stock Y	25%	24%

The returns on the stocks are perfectly negatively correlated. What is the expected return of a portfolio comprising of stocks X and Y when the portfolio is constructed to drive the standard deviation of portfolio return to zero?

(b) Explain the CAPM model with it's basic assumptions and limitations.

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Q.5 (a) Consider the following information for three mutual funds, X, Y, and Z, and the market.

	Mean return (%)	Standard deviation (%)	Beta
X	24	22	1.8
Y	16	14	1.2
Z	12	13	0.8
Market Index	10	10	1.00

The mean risk-free rate was 7 percent. Calculate the Treynor measure, Sharpe measure, and Jensen measure the three mutual funds and the market index.

(b) Discuss the essence of Technical Analysis.

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OR

- Q.5 (a) Why does diversification lead to a reduction in unique risk? Explain with suitable 07 example.
 - (b) Consider the following information for three mutual funds, L, M, and N, and the **07** market.

	Mean return (%)	Standard deviation (%)	Beta
L	15	20	1.6
M	12	11	.8
N	18	15	1.3
Market Index	13	14	1.00

The mean risk-free rate was 8 percent. Calculate the Treynor measure, Sharpe measure and M² for the three mutual funds and the market index.
