GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

MCA - SEMESTER-IV • EXAMINATION - WINTER • 2014

Subject Code: 640005 Date: 06-12-2014

Subject Name: Data Warehousing and Data Mining (DWDM)

Time: 10:30 am - 01:00 pm Total Marks: 70

Instructions:

- 1. Attempt all questions.
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- Q.1 (a) Define following terms:

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- 1. Data Preprocessing
- 2. Backpropagation
- 3. Granularity
- 4. Galaxy Schema
- 5. Query and Reporting
- 6. Gini Index
- 7. Base Cuboid
- (b) State whether the following statements are true or false and justify your answer
 - 1. Is Data Mining is another Hype?
 - 2. Data evolution analysis describes and models regularities or trends for objects whose behavior changes over time.
 - 3. Pattern evaluation is an essential process where intelligent and efficient methods are applied in order to extract patterns.
 - 4. A binary variable is symmetric if the outcomes of the states are not equally important, such as the positive and negative outcomes of test.
 - 5. The 0-D Cuboid, which holds the highest level of summarization stated as apex cuboid.
 - 6. The spiral method involves the rapid generation of increasingly functional systems, with short intervals between successive releases.
 - 7. Drill-Down operation performs aggregation on a data cube.
- Q.2 (a) Suppose that the data for analysis include the attribute age. The age values for the data tuples are (in increasing order):

13, 15, 16, 16, 19, 20, 20, 21, 22, 22, 25, 25, 25, 25, 30, 33, 33, 35, 35, 35, 36, 40, 45, 46, 52, 70.

- 1. Use smoothing by bin means to smooth the above data, using a bin depth of 3. Illustrate your steps. Comment on the effect of this technique for the given data.
- 2. How might you determine outliers in the data?
- 3. What other methods are there for data smoothing?
- (b) In the process of data cleaning, how can we fill up the missing values? Write down its methods.

OR

(b)

performed?

(b) A database has five transactions. Let min-support=60% & min confidence=80%. 07

| TID | Items-bought |
|------|--------------|
| T100 | M,O,N,K,E,Y |
| T200 | D,O,N,K,E,Y |
| T300 | M,A,K,E |
| T400 | M,U,C,K,Y |
| T500 | C,O,O,K,I,E |

- (i) Find all frequent item sets.
- (ii) Find all strong association rules.
- Give the syntax of cube and dimension definition for star, snowflake and fact 07 Q.3 constellation schema by taking any example. Explain with figure: 3-Tire Data Warehouse Architecture. 07 **(b)** Explain the methods of generating the concept hierarchies for categorical data 0.3 (a) 07 with suitable example. Describe Decision Tree Induction algorithm. You can describe it with the help **07 (b)** of an example. How are the Rules induced from the Decision Tree? 0.4 (a) List and explain the popular Splitting Rules. **07** What are the interestingness measures of association rule mining? Explain three 07 **(b)** interestingness measures giving appropriate examples. **Q.4** Explain OLAP Operations in Multi-dimensional Data Model With Examples. 07 (a) (i) Differentiate Star Schema and Snow-Flake Schema **(b)** 03 (ii) List and explain different types of OLAP servers. 04 Explain how data mining application is helpful for Telecommunication Industry **07** Q.5 (a) Define data reduction? Brief the strategies include in data reduction? **07 (b)** OR Describe classifier accuracy measure and explain the term confusion matrix with 07 Q.5 (a) example

Explain the different types of data repositories on which mining can be

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