

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
M. Pharm. SEMESTER-I • EXAMINATION – WINTER-2016

Subject Code: 910001**Date: 30/12/2016****Subject Name: Modern Analytical techniques****Time: 10.30 AM – 01.30 PM****Total Marks: 80****Instructions:**

- 1. Attempt any five questions.**
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.**
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.**

- Q.1 (a)** Explain the following statements **10**
- (i) Reverse phase chromatography is more commonly used in analysis of drugs and pharmaceuticals.
 - (ii) The number of peaks obtained in IR is always less than $3N-6$
 - (iii) TMS is used as reference compound in NMR.
 - (iv) In EMIT step washings are not required
 - (v) R band shows a blue shift on increasing the polarity of the solvent.
- (b)** Discuss principal of Ultra Violet spectroscopy. **06**
- Q.2 (a)** What is chemical shift? Discuss the factors affecting the chemical shift. **06**
- (b)** Write in brief about Gas chromatography **05**
- (c)** Discuss ORD and Cotton effect **05**
- Q.3 (a)** How will you differentiate between following pairs of compounds using IR spectroscopy. Give appropriate wave number for prominent peaks. **06**
- (i) $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$ and CH_3COCH_3
 - (ii) $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{COOH}$ and $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{CHO}$
 - (iii) CH_3CHO and $\text{CH}_2=\text{CHCH}_2\text{OH}$
- (b)** Explain Bragg's law. Describe X-ray sources. **05**
- (c)** Write in brief about HPTLC **05**
- Q.4 (a)** Give fragmentation patterns of the following compounds **06**
- (i) Benzyl alcohol
 - (ii) Phenol
 - (ii) Propyl Benzene
 - (iv) Ethyl secondary butyl ether
- (b)** Describe in brief Principle and Instrumentation of Mass spectroscopy **05**
- (c)** Explain: (i) FT-NMR (ii) Principle of atomic spectroscopy **05**
- Q.5 (a)** Give chemical shift values and spin-spin splitting for the following compounds **06**
- (i) Ethyl methyl ether
 - (ii) Ethyl ethyl ketone
 - (iii) Ethylacetate
- (b)** Write note on C-13 NMR spectroscopy. **05**
- (c)** What is thermal method of analysis? Discuss principle and applications of DTA. **05**

- Q. 6** (a) Write note on ion exchange chromatography. **06**
 (b) Enlist the factors affecting the efficiency of chromatographic separation. **05**
 Discuss longitudinal diffusion.
 (c) Write note on Emission spectroscopy **05**
- Q.7** (a) Theory and principles of electrophoresis **06**
 (b) Identify the following compounds on the bases of the spectral data presented **05**
 here. Show the reasons for the conclusions to be taken by you.

Molecular formula: C_2H_3N

UV: λ_{max} = is less than 220 nm

IR: 3010-2950, 2255, 1370 cm^{-1}

NMR: (δ) 1.8 singlet

- (c) Identify the following compounds on the bases of the spectral data presented **05**
 here. Show the reasons for the conclusions to be taken by you.

Molecular formula: $C_5H_7O_2N$

UV: λ_{max} = not more than 220 nm

IR: 2990-2940, 2265(m), 1745(s), 1200(s), 1125(s) cm^{-1}

NMR: (a) t (3H) (δ) 1.3

(b) s (2H) (δ) 3.5

(c) q (2H) (δ) 4.25
